



**Leedstown**  
Community  
Primary School



# Anti-Bullying Policy

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Statutory or Best Practice Policy	Statutory
School or Trust Policy	School

We want to ensure that your needs are met.

If you would like this information in any other format, please contact us on  
01637 303106 or email [info@kernowlearning.co.uk](mailto:info@kernowlearning.co.uk).

## 1. Introduction and policy objectives

We are committed to providing a caring, friendly and safe environment for all of our students so they can learn in a relaxed and secure environment. Bullying of any kind is unacceptable at our school. If bullying does occur, all students should be able to tell and know that incidents will be dealt with swiftly, decisively and effectively. This means that anyone who knows that bullying is happening is expected to inform members of staff.

This policy is based on DfE guidance 'Preventing and Tackling Bullying' July 2017 and supporting documents. It also considers the DfE statutory guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' and 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges' guidance. The setting has also read Childnet's 'Cyberbullying: Understand, Prevent and Respond: Guidance for Schools'.

This policy outlines what Leedstown School will do to prevent and tackle all forms of bullying. It has been adopted with the involvement of the whole school community.

Leedstown School is committed to developing an anti-bullying culture where the bullying of adults, children or young people is not tolerated in any form.

## 2. Links with other school policies and practices

This policy links with several school policies, practices and action plans including:

- Behaviour policy
- Online safety and Acceptable Use procedures
- Curriculum statement
- Safeguarding policy

## 3. Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of:

- The headteacher to communicate this policy to the school community, to ensure that disciplinary measures are applied fairly, consistently and reasonably, and that a member of the senior leadership team has been identified to take responsibility
- Governors take a lead role in monitoring and reviewing this policy
- All staff, including governors, senior leadership, teaching and non-teaching staff, to support, uphold and implement this policy accordingly
- Parents/carers to support their children and work in partnership with the school
- Pupils to abide by the policy

## 4. Definition of bullying

Bullying means that one child is deliberately (usually) using his or her power over another to make them feel bad. Bullying is not having a single argument or fight. It isn't saying something bad to someone once when you are angry. Bullying goes on deliberately (on purpose) over a period of time. (We refer to this with our children using the acronym STOP – Several times on purpose)

## 5. Forms and types of bullying

Bullying is the use of aggression with the intention of hurting another person either physically or emotionally, by intimidating, demeaning or excluding others. It is usually persistent and is often covert, and is a conscious attempt to hurt, threaten or frighten someone. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim.

- Bullying can happen to anyone and can be, but not limited to:
  - Emotional: Derogatory name calling of an insulting and/or personal nature. Demanding money, material goods or favours by means of threat or force.
- Physical: Pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence because of some perceived physical, economic, sexual, intellectual, cultural or racial difference.
- Racist: racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
- Sexual: Unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- Homophobic: because of, or focussing on the issue of sexuality. Homophobic, biphobic and transphobic (HBT) bullying is unacceptable
- Verbal: name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing, abuse and threats. Ridiculing an individual.
- Cyber: All areas of internet, such as email and internet chat room misuse. Mobile threats by text messaging & calls. Misuse of associated technology, i.e. camera & video facilities
- Prejudicial:(against people/pupils with protected characteristics):
  - Bullying related to race, religion, faith and belief and for those without faith
  - Bullying related to ethnicity, nationality or culture
  - Bullying related to Special Educational Needs or Disability (SEND)
  - Bullying related to sexual orientation (homophobic/biphobic bullying)
  - Gender based bullying, including transphobic bullying

## 6. Signs of Bullying

Staff should be vigilant in looking out for signs of bullying or other child protection issues including:

- Physical: unexplained bruises, scratches, cuts, missing belongings, damaged clothes or school work, loss of appetite, stomach aches, headaches
- Emotional: losing interest in school, withdrawn, secretive, unusual shows of temper, refusal to say why unhappy, high level of anxiety, mood swings, tearfulness for no reason, lack of confidence
- Behavioural: asking to be taken to school, coming home for lunch, taking longer to get home, asks for more money, using different routes to school, 'losing' more items than usual, sudden changes in behaviour and mood, concentration difficulties, decline in attendance – truancy

## 7. School ethos

Leedstown Community Primary School is committed to personalised learning where we show that we are ready, respectful and safe. The Leedstown School community recognises that all forms of bullying, especially if left unaddressed, can have harmful effects on individuals; it can

create a barrier to learning and have serious consequences for mental wellbeing and emotional and physical health.

By effectively preventing and tackling bullying our school can help to create a safe and disciplined environment, where pupils are able to learn and fulfil their potential

## 8. Preventing bullying

The whole school community will:

- Create and support an inclusive environment which promotes a culture of mutual respect, consideration and care for others, which will be upheld by all
- Recognise that bullying can be perpetrated or experienced by any member of the community, including adults and children (peer on peer abuse)
- Recognises the potential for children with SEND and disabilities to be disproportionately impacted by bullying and will implement additional pastoral support as required
- Openly discuss differences between people that could motivate bullying, such as: children with different family situations, such as looked after children or those with caring responsibilities, religion, ethnicity, disability, gender, sexuality or appearance related difference
- Challenge practice and language (including 'banter') which does not uphold the school values of tolerance, non-discrimination and respect towards others
- Be encouraged to use technology, especially mobile phones and social media, positively and responsibly
- Work with staff, the wider community and outside agencies to prevent and tackle concerns including all forms of prejudice-driven bullying
- Actively create 'safe spaces' for vulnerable children and young people
- Celebrate success and achievements to promote and build a positive school ethos

## 9. Monitoring and review: putting policy into practice

For all monitoring of local policies, we adopt a rigorous and reflective approach. We take into account multiple perspectives on the effectiveness and success of the policy and procedures in question, including:

- the experience of the member(s) of staff designing and delivering the provision;
- feedback from our pupils and parents/carers
- observations and feedback from staff – both internal and external
- engagement in research, relevant literature, and continuing professional development (e.g. relevant training/workshops).

These perspectives inform our action plans for each aspect of our school provision – with an emphasis on meaningful reflection, improvement and enabling everyone to flourish and shine.

### Appendix includes:

- 1) Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyber bullying)

- 2) Support for pupils
- 3) Involvement of pupils
- 4) Involvement and liaison with parents and carers

## 10. Appendix 1 - Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyberbullying)

The following steps may be taken when dealing with all incidents of bullying reported to the school:

- If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached or witnessed the concern
- The school will provide appropriate support for the person being bullied – making sure they are not at risk of immediate harm and will involve them in any decision-making process, as appropriate
- The headteacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or another member of leadership staff will interview all parties involved
- The DSL will be informed of all bullying issues where there are safeguarding concerns
- The school will speak with and inform other staff members, where appropriate
- The school will ensure parents/carers are kept informed about the concern and action taken, as appropriate and in line with child protection and confidentiality policies
- Sanctions, as identified within the school behaviour policy, and support will be implemented in consultation with all parties concerned
- If necessary, other agencies may be consulted or involved, such as the police, if a criminal offence has been committed, or other local services including early help or children's social care, if a child is felt to be at risk of significant harm
- Where the bullying of or by pupils takes place off school site or outside of normal school hours (including cyberbullying), the school will ensure that the concern is fully investigated. If required, the DSL will collaborate with other schools. Appropriate action will be taken, including providing support and implementing sanctions in school in accordance with this policy and the school's behaviour policy
- A clear and precise account of bullying incidents will be recorded by the school in accordance with existing procedures. This will include recording appropriate details regarding decisions and action taken

### Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, the school will:

- Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified
- Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again
- Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation
- Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include:
  - Looking at school systems
  - Identifying and interviewing possible witnesses
  - Contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary

- Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation. This may include:
  - Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to or are unable to delete content
  - Confiscating and searching pupils' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and in line with the the DFE Searching, screening and confiscation at school guidance and Childnet cyberbullying guidance.
  - Requesting the deletion of locally-held content and content posted online if they contravene school behavioural policies
- Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to change the attitude and behaviour of the person displaying bullying behaviours, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need
- Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed
- Provide information to staff and pupils regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online. This may include:
  - advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply
  - providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists
  - helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain

## Appendix 2 - Supporting pupils

Pupils who have been bullied will be supported by:

- Reassuring the pupil and providing continuous pastoral support
- Offering an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with their teacher, the designated safeguarding lead, or a member of staff of their choice
- The school will keep a record of the incidents as evidence and discuss how to respond to concerns and build resilience as appropriate
- Working towards restoring self-esteem and confidence
- Providing ongoing support; this may include: working and speaking with staff, offering formal counselling, engaging with parents and carers
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance. This could include support through Early Help or Specialist Children's Services, or support through the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service

Pupils who have perpetrated bullying will be helped by:

- Discussing what happened, establishing the concern and the need to change
- Informing parents/carers to help change the attitude and behaviour of the child
- Providing appropriate education and support regarding their behaviour or actions
- If online, requesting that content be removed and reporting accounts/contents to service provider
- Sanctioning, in line with school behaviour/discipline policy. This may include official warnings, school time inclusions, removal or privileges, and fixed-term or permanent exclusions
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance; this may include involvement from the Police or referrals to Early Help, Specialist Children's Services, or the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service

## Appendix 3 - Involvement of pupils

We will:

- Involve pupils in policy writing and decision making, to ensure that they understand the school's approach and are clear about the part they play in preventing bullying
- Regularly canvas children and young people's views on the extent and nature of bullying
- Ensure that all pupils know how to express worries and anxieties about bullying
- Ensure that all pupils are aware of the range of sanctions which may be applied against those engaging in bullying
- Involve pupils in anti-bullying campaigns in schools and embedded messages in the wider school curriculum
- Utilise pupil voice in providing pupil led education and support
- Publicise the details of internal support, as well as external helplines and websites
- Offer support to pupils who have been bullied and to those who are bullying to address the problems they have







## Appendix 4 - Involvement and liaison with parents and carers

We will:

- Take steps to involve parents and carers in developing policies and procedures, to ensure they are aware that the school does not tolerate any form of bullying
- Make sure that key information about bullying (including policies and named point of contact) is available to parents/carers in a variety of formats, including via the school website
- Ensure all parents/carers know who to contact if they are worried about bullying and where to access independent advice. In the first instance, parents can always speak with the class teacher but they can also arrange a meeting with the teacher, phase lead or member of the senior leadership team through the school office.
- Work with all parents/carers and the local community to address issues beyond the school gates that give rise to bullying
- Ensure that parents work with the school to role model positive behaviour for pupils, both on and offline
- Ensure all parents/carers know about our complaints procedure and how to use it effectively, to raise concerns in an appropriate manner. The complaints policy can be found on the school website.

