

# Anti-Bullying

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Appendices:	No
School or Trust policy:	School

# **Meeting your communication needs:**

We want to ensure that your needs are met. If you would like this information in any other format, please contact us on 01637 880272 or email scmajor@kernowlearning.co.uk



# **Anti-Bullying Policy**

"We require every member of the academy to behave in a considerate way and to respect the rights of others."

This policy is based on DfE guidance 'Preventing and Tackling Bullying' July 2017 and supporting documents. It also considers the DfE statutory guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education 2021' and 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges' guidance. The setting has also read Childnet's 'Cyberbullying: Understand, Prevent and Respond: Guidance for Schools'.

Our approach to bullying is a 'whole academy' approach. We do expect everyone to act with courtesy and consideration to others at all times and to always try to understand the other person's point of view. Neither staff nor pupils will condone or ignore bullying of any nature and anti-social behaviour will not be tolerated. "It is important to distinguish between bullying behaviour and an outright condemnation of the whole person. Bullying behaviour is often an expression of inward distress, the passing on of negative behaviour, confusion about one's own worth or an extreme need to bolster self-esteem".

All members of the academy will be encouraged not to accept bullying of any form and if they ever experience, see or suspect bullying is taking place to **ALWAYS** speak up and **TELL** someone. **ALL OF US WILL ACT** by involving appropriate staff.

#### Our academy will:

- support staff to identify and respond to bullying
- make pupils aware that we listen, and all bullying issues will be dealt with sensitively and effectively
- work towards creating an anti-bullying culture
- ensure that parents/carers expressing concerns about bullying have them taken seriously
- learn from effective anti-bullying work elsewhere
- discuss, monitor and review incidents of bullying

St Columb ACE Academy recognises that in any large group of people there will always be some bullying and however undesirable, it needs to be recognised as a reality. Our policy of preventative intervention is intended to create a safer climate where we can maintain our friendly, caring, yet hard-working atmosphere and where all pupils can feel confident that, as an individual, they are important.

#### **Definition of bullying**

Bullying means that one child is **deliberately** (usually) using his or her **power** over another to make them feel bad. Bullying is not having a single argument or fight. It isn't saying something bad to someone once when you are angry. Bullying goes on deliberatively (on purpose) **over a period of time.** (SEAL definition)

#### 5. Forms and types of bullying

Bullying is the use of aggression with the intention of hurting another person either physically or emotionally, by intimidating or demeaning others. It is usually persistent and is often covert, and is a conscious attempt to hurt, threaten or frighten someone. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim

Bullying can happen to anyone and can be, but not limited to:

- Emotional: Derogatory name calling of an insulting and/or personal nature. Demanding money, material goods or favours by means of threat or force.
- Physical: Pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence because of some perceived physical, economic, sexual, intellectual, cultural or racial difference.
- Racist: racial taunts, graffiti, gestures





- Sexual: Unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- Homophobic: because of, or focussing on the issue of sexuality. Homophobic, biphobic and transphobic (HBT) bullying is unacceptable
- Verbal: name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing, abuse and threats. Ridiculing an individual.
- Cyber: All areas of internet, such as email & internet chat room misuse. Mobile threats by text messaging & calls. Misuse of associated technology, i.e., camera & video facilities
- Prejudicial:(against people/pupils with protected characteristics):
- - Bullying related to race, religion, faith and belief and for those without faith
- - Bullying related to ethnicity, nationality or culture
- - Bullying related to Special Educational Needs or Disability (SEND)
- - Bullying related to sexual orientation (homophobic/biphobic bullying)
- - Gender based bullying, including transphobic bullying

#### **Prejudice Related Bullying**

Under the Equalities Act 2010 it is against the law to discriminate against anyone because of:

- age
- being or becoming a transsexual person
- being married or in a civil partnership
- being pregnant or having a child
- disability
- race including colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin including Gypsy, Roma, Travellers
- religion, belief or lack of religion/belief
- sex / gender
- sexual orientation

These are called 'protected characteristics.

As part of the requirement on schools to promote fundamental British values, schools must proactively challenge derogatory and discriminatory language and behaviour including that which is

racist, homophobic, biphobic, transphobic and disablist in nature. We will record these types of bullying, even that which represents a one-off incident.

### **Preventing bullying**

The whole school community will:

- Create and support an inclusive environment which promotes a culture of mutual respect, consideration and care for others, which will be upheld by all
- Recognise that bullying can be perpetrated or experienced by any member of the community, including adults and children (peer on peer abuse)
- Recognises the potential for children with SEND and disabilities to be disproportionally impacted by bullying and will implement additional pastoral support as required
- Openly discuss differences between people that could motivate bullying, such as: children with different family situations, such as looked after children or those with caring responsibilities, religion, ethnicity, disability, gender, sexuality or appearance related difference
- Challenge practice and language (including 'banter') which does not uphold the school values of tolerance, non-discrimination and respect towards others
- Be encouraged to use technology, especially mobile phones and social media, positively and responsibly.
- Work with staff, the wider community and outside agencies to prevent and tackle concerns including all forms of prejudice-driven bullying
- Actively create 'safe spaces' for vulnerable children and young people







• Celebrate success and achievements to promote and build a positive school ethos

#### OUR POLICY IS POSITIVE RATHER THAN PUNITIVE AND OUR AIMS ARE TO:

- i. Prevent bullying
- ii. Deal promptly with any incident of bullying if, and when, it occurs
- iii. Promote self-esteem among all pupils, including the bullied and those who suffer from the need to bully
- iv. Encourage pupils to speak out and TELL if bullying is taking place
- v. Encourage all pupils to help and protect others within the academy

OUR POLICY ENSURES A CONSISTENCY OF APPROACH - ST COLUMB MAJOR ACE ACADEMY - ANTIBULLYING PROCEDURES:

# Stage 1

Parent, child, someone informs the Academy of the problem

Class Teacher meets with all children involved and explains seriousness of problem and agrees strategies to sort problem. (Keep notes)

Class Teacher feeds back strategies agreed to informing parent

Class Teacher alerts all staff (especially midday) to the problem and monitors.

Class Teacher informs appropriate line manager e.g. Key Stage Leader.

End of week – Teacher meets with all children again to discuss progress

A range of strategies will be trailed at this stage with regular end of week feedbacks If problem persists:

## Stage 2

Class Teacher meets Parents of all children involved individually and explains issues and agrees ways forward. (Record of meeting copied to Head Teacher)

Class Teacher meets with all children involved and discusses agreed way forward. (Keep notes) Previous alerting and monitoring repeated and mentioned at staff briefings End of week – Teacher meets with all children again to discuss progress

Progress reported to all Parents (records kept and copied to Head teacher)

A range of strategies will be used at this stage with regular end of week feedbacks

If problem persists:

# Stage 3

Key Stage Leader/Assistant Head and Class Teacher meets with all children and explains seriousness of problem and agrees way forward (keep notes)

Key Stage Leader/ Assistant Head and Class Teacher meets Parents of all children involved individually and explains issues and agrees ways forward. (Record of meeting copied to Head







## Teacher)

Previous alerting and monitoring repeated and messages reinforced at staff briefings End of week procedure repeated with KS Leader and Class Teacher

Progress reported to all parents (records kept and copied to Head) If problem persists:

# Stage 4

Head and Key Stage Leader/ Assistant Head meets with all children and explains seriousness of problem and agrees way forward (keep notes)

Head Teacher meets parents of all children involved individually and explains issues and agrees ways forward. (Record of meeting cc. Key Stage Leader/Assistant Head and Class Teacher) Previous alerting and monitoring repeated

End of week procedures repeated with Key Stage Leader/Assistant Head and Head Teacher Progress reported to all Parents (records kept and cc.)

If problem persists:

# Stage 5

Other strategies including suspension considered

#### OUR POLICY WILL BE MADE CLEAR TO THE FOLLOWING GROUPS:

- I. Staff teaching/non-teaching
- II. Pupils
- III. Parents
- IV. Governors

V. Others connected with our Academy, e.g., School Transport drivers, voluntary helpers, neighbours etc.

Our policy will be continually monitored by the academy and will be reviewed and updated. It should be read in conjunction with 'Possible Signs of Bullying' and 'Action Guidance Notes' which follow.

If you suspect your child is being bullied, please contact your child's Class Teacher in the first instance.

POSSIBLE SIGNS OF BULLYING OBSERVATION:

Parents and Teachers are in ideal positions to be able to observe changes in a pupil's behaviour, which may indicate that they are being subjected to bullying, **so look out for**:







- Items of clothing, property, school work, etc. that are damaged or lost more often than you would consider to be normal
- Frequent injuries to the child (bruises, cuts, etc)
- Withdrawal, which may lead to low participation in school and other activities, isolation or self-harm
- Those who spend a lot of time in their bedroom, possibly crying; who find it difficult to sleep, wet the bed or have nightmares. Teachers within school may be aware that the pupil always appears tired
- Educational attainment being slowly or suddenly reduced
- A reluctance to go to school.
- Poor self-esteem, which inhibits pupils from forming positive relationships, leads to feelings of worthlessness and betrayal, and causes some to lower their expectations and standards of work
- Anxiety and depression, which can lead to intermittent and long-term absence from school, physical illness or psychosomatic complaints
- Requests to be accompanied going to and from school, or to go by a different route. If this is longer that the previous one, it could well indicate that bullying has been occurring along the previous route.
- Money in the house or school going missing
- Depression in the child. Reluctance to eat or play normally. Child appears generally unhappy, miserable, moody and/or irritable
- The pupil who threatens or attempts to commit suicide

Taken individually, or even collectively, the above may not be due to bullying, but a combination of even some of these signs could be a good reason to suspect it. If a pupil is showing signs of, or is experiencing ANY of the above, it can be an indication that all is not well, the pupil is not happy and therefore, whatever the cause, it should be investigated.

# Action Guidance Notes for Teachers and Parents when dealing with SUSPECTED BULLYING OBSERVE...LISTEN...ACT...

The first and often most difficult hurdle to overcome is that of accepting that there is, possibly, the problem of bullying with your child in our academy. Once it has been brought into the open, the way should be made clear for everybody to work together, without recriminations and without being confrontational. By making it clear that anti-social behaviour will not be condoned by anyone, there will be nowhere for the bully to hide. It is normally only after we have explored every avenue using a "no blame approach" that we would consider other responses. If the event is particularly violent or no perceived improvement is noted and bullying continues, the Head of School may well decide that exclusion is the only way to protect the pupil population of the academy.

The following suggestions have not been separated into actions to be taken by the pupils, by the parents, by the staff, by the Head of School, Governors, etc., etc. It is the combination of action that will bring about the greatest results.

**OBSERVE** ... Look for changes in behaviour, patterned absenteeism, unaccustomed excuses and anything unusual. Having said that, don't jump to conclusions from what might be just a one-off incident ... continue to observe.

**LISTEN** ... with empathy and tact. Provide a quiet area where the pupil can talk to someone, she/he can trust. There may well be a genuine problem which desperately needs sorting out quickly. It may be the problem is largely imaginary but that will make it none the less distressing; it may even be in some cases a form of attention seeking but that too needs investigation to discover the cause of this need. Handle any confidential information with sensitivity. Make every pupil feel valued.

**ACT ...** do something positive. Provide good role models, safe havens, programmes on conflict resolution, assertiveness training. Keep the pupils involved, get their suggestions. Once identified, restrict the opportunities the bully has for bullying. Break up troublesome groups. Monitor problem areas. Encourage pupils to accept individual differences; not to put themselves in a position where







they might get bullied; try to get them to ignore jibes and not to respond. Instil in the pupils that it is vitally important to TELL someone if they are experiencing problems, tell someone in whom they have confidence, which could be a member of staff, or another friend and **not just tell but make** sure action is taken. Be persistent until it is!

#### Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, the school will:

- Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified
- Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again
- Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation
- Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include:
  - Looking at school systems
  - Identifying and interviewing possible witnesses
  - Contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary
- Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation. This may include:

Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to or are unable to delete content

Confiscating and searching pupils' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and in line with the DFE Searching, screening and confiscation at school guidance and Childnet cyberbullying guidance.

Requesting the deletion of locally-held content and content posted online if they contravene school behavioural policies

- Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to change the attitude and behaviour of the person displaying bullying behaviours, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need
- Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed
- Provide information to staff and pupils regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online.

This may include:

- advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply
- providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists
- helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain.

Remember the following contacts can be useful when seeking help:

Childline 0800 1111 www.childline.org.uk

National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children – www.nspcc.org.uk 0808 800 5000

Antibullying Cornwall - 0800 5875991 or e-mail: abc@vscornwall.org.uk







Cornwall Anti-racism Project 07881 551320

Victim Support Cornwall 0845 0567 999 e-mail: support@vscornwall.org.uk

This policy has been written, considered, and amended by:

Governors (LGB members)

This policy was approved by the Local Governing Body: June 2023 Annual review is recommended.



