



Kernow Learning
Building Excellent Schools Together

Anti-bullying Policy

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Scheduled review date:	July 2025
Statutory or Best Practice policy:	Best Practice
Appendices:	Yes
School or Trust policy:	School

Meeting your communication needs:

We want to ensure that your needs are met. If you would like this information in any other format, please contact us on 01208 841306 or email stkew@kernowlearning.co.uk

This policy is based on DfE guidance “Preventing and Tackling Bullying” July 2017 and supporting documents. It also considers the DfE statutory guidance “Keeping Children Safe in Education” 2021 and “Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges” guidance. The policy also takes into account the key principles of Childnet’s “Cyberbullying: Understand, Prevent and Respond: Guidance for Schools”.

For any concerns around Child-on-Child abuse, please refer to our Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.

Policy objectives

- This policy outlines what St Kew will do to prevent and tackle all forms of bullying.
- The policy has been adopted with the involvement of the whole school family.
- St Kew is committed to developing an anti-bullying culture where the bullying of adults, children or young people is not tolerated in any form.

Links with other school policies and practices

This policy links with several school policies, practices and action plans including:

- Behaviour policy
- E-safety and Acceptable Use procedures
- Curriculum statement
- Safeguarding policy

Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of:

- The Headteacher to communicate this policy to the school community, to ensure that disciplinary measures are applied fairly, consistently and reasonably, and that a member of the senior leadership team has been identified to take responsibility.
- Governors take a lead role in monitoring and reviewing this policy.
- All staff, including governors, senior leadership, teaching and non-teaching staff, to support, uphold and implement this policy accordingly.
- Parents/carers to support their children and work in partnership with the school.
- Pupils to abide by the policy.

Definition of bullying (*taken from the Anti-bullying Alliance*)

Bullying is the repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face to face or online.

Forms and types of bullying

Bullying can happen to anyone. This policy covers all types and forms of bullying:

- Bullying related to physical appearance
- Bullying of young carers, children in care or otherwise related to home circumstances
- Bullying related to physical/mental health conditions
- Physical, Emotional and Sexual bullying
- Bullying via technology, known as online or cyberbullying
- Bullying outside of school, for example journeys to and from school
- Prejudicial bullying (against people/pupils with protected characteristics):
 - Bullying related to race, religion, faith and belief and for those without faith
 - Bullying related to ethnicity, nationality or culture



- Bullying related to Special Educational Needs or Disability (SEND)
- Bullying related to sexual orientation (homophobic/biphobic bullying) and Gender based bullying, including transphobic bullying

Signs of Bullying

Staff should be vigilant in looking out for signs of bullying or other child protection issues including:

- Physical: unexplained bruises, scratches, cuts, missing belongings, damaged clothes or school work, loss of appetite, stomach aches, headaches.
- Emotional: losing interest in school, withdrawn, secretive, unusual shows of temper, refusal to say why unhappy, high level of anxiety, mood swings, tearfulness for no reason, lack of confidence.
- Behavioural: asking to be taken to school, coming home for lunch, taking longer to get home, asks for more money, using different routes to school, 'losing' more items than usual, sudden changes in behaviour and mood, concentration difficulties, decline in attendance – truancy.

Taken individually, or even collectively, the above may not be due to bullying, but a combination of even some of these signs could be a good reason to suspect it. If a pupil is showing signs of, or is experiencing ANY of the above, it can be an indication that all is not well, the pupil is not happy and therefore, whatever the cause, it should be investigated.

School ethos

"We require every member of the St Kew Family to behave in a considerate way and to respect the rights of others."

Our approach to bullying is a 'whole academy' approach. We expect everyone to act with courtesy and consideration to others at all times and to always try to understand the other person's point of view. Neither staff nor pupils will condone or ignore bullying of any nature and anti-social behaviour will not be tolerated. "It is important to distinguish between bullying behaviour and an outright condemnation of the whole person. Bullying behaviour is often an expression of inward distress, the passing on of negative behaviour, confusion about one's own worth or an extreme need to bolster self-esteem".

Our policy of preventative intervention is intended to create a safer climate where we can maintain our friendly, caring, yet hard-working atmosphere and where all pupils can feel confident that, as an individual, they are important. All members of the St Kew Family are encouraged not to accept bullying of any form and if they ever experience, see or suspect bullying is taking place to **ALWAYS** speak up and **TELL** someone.

The St Kew Family community recognises that all forms of bullying, especially if left unaddressed, can have a devastating effect on individuals; it can create a barrier to learning and have serious consequences for mental wellbeing. By effectively preventing and tackling bullying our school can help to create a safe and disciplined environment, where pupils are able to learn and fulfil their potential. Our policy of preventative intervention is intended to create a safer climate where we can maintain our friendly, caring, yet hard-working atmosphere and where all pupils can feel confident that, as an individual, they are important.

Preventing bullying

The whole school community will:

- Create and support an inclusive environment which promotes a culture of mutual respect, consideration and care for others, which will be upheld by all.



- Recognise that bullying can be perpetrated or experienced by any member of the community, including adults and children (child on child abuse).
- Recognise the potential for children with SEN and disabilities to be disproportionately impacted by bullying and will implement additional pastoral support as required.
- Openly discuss differences between people that could motivate bullying, such as: children with different family situations, such as looked after children or those with caring responsibilities, religion, ethnicity, disability, gender, sexuality or appearance related difference.
- Challenge practice and language (including 'banter') which does not uphold the school values of tolerance, non-discrimination and respect towards others.
- Be encouraged to use technology, especially mobile phones and social media, positively and responsibly.
- Work with staff, the wider community and outside agencies to prevent and tackle concerns including all forms of prejudice-driven bullying.
- Actively create "safe spaces" for vulnerable children and young people.
- Celebrate success and achievements to promote and build a positive school ethos.

Monitoring and review: putting policy into practise

- The school will regularly monitor and evaluate mechanisms to ensure that the policy is being consistently applied.
- An anti-bullying log is kept and reviewed by the DSL and DDSL. It should be read in conjunction with the 'Procedure for responding to bullying' (Appendix 1) and 'Guidance notes for teachers and parents' (Appendix 5).
- Any issues identified will be incorporated into the school's action planning.
- The headteacher will be informed of bullying concerns and act, as appropriate.

Appendices:

- 1) Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyber bullying)
- 2) Support for pupils
- 3) Involvement of pupils
- 4) Involvement and liaison with parents and carers
- 5) Guidance notes for teachers and parents (including support networks)



Appendix 1

Procedure for responding to bullying (including cyberbullying)

The following steps may be taken when dealing with all incidents of bullying reported to the school:

- If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached or witnessed the concern.
- The school will provide appropriate support for the person being bullied – making sure they are not at risk of immediate harm and will involve them in any decision-making process, as appropriate.
- The Headteacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead/Pastoral Lead or another member of leadership staff will interview all parties involved.
- The DSL will be informed of all bullying issues where there are safeguarding concerns.
- The school will speak with and inform other staff members, where appropriate.
- The school will ensure parents/carers are kept informed about the concern and action taken, as appropriate and in line with child protection and confidentiality policies.
- Sanctions, as identified within the school behaviour policy, and support will be implemented in consultation with all parties concerned.
- If necessary, other agencies may be consulted or involved, such as the police, if a criminal offence has been committed, or other local services including early help or children's social care, if a child is felt to be at risk of significant harm.
- Where the bullying of or by pupils takes place off school site or outside of normal school hours (including cyberbullying), the school will ensure that the concern is fully investigated. If required, the DSL will collaborate with other schools. Appropriate action will be taken, including providing support and implementing sanctions in school in accordance with this policy and the school's behaviour policy.
- A clear and precise account of bullying incidents will be recorded by the school in accordance with existing procedures. This will include recording appropriate details regarding decisions and action taken.

Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, the school will:

- Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified.
- Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again.
- Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation.
- Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include: -
 - Looking at school systems;
 - Identifying and interviewing possible witnesses;
 - Contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary.
- Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation. This may include: -
 - Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to or are unable to delete content.



- Confiscating and searching pupils' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and in line with the DFE Searching, screening and confiscation at school guidance and Childnet cyberbullying guidance.
- Requesting the deletion of locally-held content and content posted online if they contravene school behavioural policies.
- Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to change the attitude and behaviour of the person displaying bullying behaviours, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need.
- Inform Kernow Learning Trust through the E-Safety Strategic Lead.
- Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed.
- Provide information to staff and pupils regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online. This may include:
 - advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply;
 - providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists;
 - helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain.



Appendix 2

Supporting pupils

Pupils who have been bullied will be supported by:

- Reassuring the pupil and providing continuous pastoral support
- Offering an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with their teacher, the designated safeguarding lead, or a member of staff of their choice.
- The school will keep a record of the incidents as evidence and discuss how to respond to concerns and build resilience as appropriate.
- Working towards restoring self-esteem and confidence.
- Providing ongoing support; this may include: working and speaking with staff, offering formal counselling, engaging with parents and carers.
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance; this could include support through Early Help or Specialist Children's Services, or support through the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service.

Pupils who have perpetrated bullying will be helped by:

- Discussing what happened, establishing the concern and the need to change.
- Informing parents/carers to help change the attitude and behaviour of the child.
- Providing appropriate education and support regarding their behaviour or actions.
- If online, requesting that content be removed and reporting accounts/contents to service provider.
- Sanctioning, in line with school behaviour/discipline policy; this may include official warnings, school time inclusions, removal or privileges, and fixed-term or permanent exclusions.
- Where necessary, working with the wider community and local/national organisations to provide further or specialist advice and guidance; this may include involvement from the Police or referrals to Early Help, Specialist Children's Services, or the Children and Young People's Mental Health Service.



Appendix 3

Involvement of pupils

We will:

- Involve pupils in policy writing and decision making to ensure that they understand the school's approach and are clear about the part they play in preventing bullying.
- Regularly canvas children and young people's views on the extent and nature of bullying.
- Ensure that all pupils know how to express worries and anxieties about bullying.
- Ensure that all pupils are aware of the range of sanctions which may be applied against those engaging in bullying.
- Involve pupils in anti-bullying campaigns in schools and embedded messages in the wider school curriculum.
- Utilise pupil voice in providing pupil led education and support.
- Publicise the details of internal support, as well as external helplines and websites.
- Offer support to pupils who have been bullied and to those who are bullying to address the problems they have.



Appendix 4

Involvement and liaison with parents and carers

We will:

- Take steps to involve parents and carers in developing policies and procedures by using parental feedback to inform decisions.
- Make sure that key information about bullying (including policies and named point of contact) is available to parents/carers in a variety of formats, including via the school website.
- Ensure all parents/carers know who to contact if they are worried about bullying and where to access independent advice.
- Work with all parents/carers and the local community to address issues beyond the school gates that give rise to bullying.
- Ensure that parents work with the school to role model positive behaviour for pupils, both on and offline.
- Ensure all parents/carers know about our complaints procedure and how to use it effectively, to raise concerns in an appropriate manner.



Additional Action Guidance Notes for Teachers and Parents when dealing with Suspected Bullying

OBSERVE...LISTEN...ACT...REMEMBER

The first and often most difficult hurdle to overcome is that of accepting that there is, possibly, the problem of bullying with your child in our academy. Once it has been brought into the open, the way should be made clear for everybody to work together, without recriminations and without being confrontational. By making it clear that anti-social behaviour will not be condoned by anyone, there will be nowhere for the bully to hide. It is normally only after we have explored every avenue using a “no blame approach” that we would consider other responses. If the event is particularly violent or no perceived improvement is noted and bullying continues, the Headteacher may well decide that exclusion is the only way to protect the pupil population of the academy.

OBSERVE ... Look for changes in behaviour, patterned absenteeism, unaccustomed excuses and anything unusual. Having said that, don't jump to conclusions from what might be just a one-off incident ... continue to observe.

LISTEN ... with empathy and tact. Provide a quiet area where the pupil can talk to someone she/he can trust. There may well be a genuine problem which desperately needs sorting out quickly. It may be the problem is largely imaginary but that will make it none the less distressing; it may even be in some cases a form of attention seeking but that too needs investigation to discover the cause of this need. Handle any confidential information with sensitivity. Make every pupil feel valued.

ACT ... do something positive. Provide good role models, safe havens, programmes on conflict resolution, assertiveness training. Keep the pupils involved, get their suggestions. Once identified, restrict the opportunities the bully has for bullying. Break up troublesome groups. 'Police' problem areas. Encourage pupils to accept individual differences; not to put themselves in a position where they might get bullied; try to get them to ignore jibes and not to respond. Instil in the pupils that it is vitally important to TELL someone if they are experiencing problems, tell someone in whom they have confidence, which could be a member of staff, or another friend and **not just tell but make sure action is taken. Be persistent until it is!**

REMEMBER ... there is no 'magic wand' to stop bullying. The physical violence or 'baseball bat' approach to bullying does not work in the long term. Quite often, the individual who is experiencing bullying can, perhaps inadvertently, be the cause of the bully's response, because they call out or say things which results in the unwelcome response from the bully. It is also worth remembering that students who experience bullying can often, later, become bullies themselves.

Remember the following contacts can be useful when seeking help:

Childline 0800 1111 www.childline.org.uk

National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children - www.nspcc.org.uk 0808 800 5000

Anti-bullying Cornwall - 0800 5875991 or e-mail: abc@vscornwall.org.uk

Cornwall Anti-racism Project 07881 551320

Victim Support Cornwall 0845 0567 999 e-mail: support@vscornwall.org.uk

