

RSE incorporating PSHE Policy

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Relationships and Sex education (RSE) incorporating PSHE (Personal, Social, Health Education)

(DFE guidance 2020)

Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a Relationships, Sex and Health curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

Policy Development

- 1. Questionnaire sent to parents with a closing date May 2021
- 2. Findings recorded
- 3. Newsletters prepare parents to look for consultation to begin
- 4. Formal consultation period of 2 weeks with all materials available begins on 14.06.21
- 5. Consultation closes on the 28.06.21

At St Merryn School, we teach Relationships, Sex and Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

We will use the Jigsaw Programme, which offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work and brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website and as an appendix to this policy. All lessons will be taught by fully qualified teachers or teaching assistants under the guidance of the teachers.

Training will be delivered through inset sessions, staff meetings and through Hub working as part of our Trust, Kernow Learning.

This curriculum also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education(PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8







"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE."

DfE Guidance p.11

Here, at St Merryn School we value PSHE as one way to support children's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to RSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to your children's needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our RSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)







- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

What do we teach when and who teaches it? Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of RSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At St Merryn School we allocate 1 hour to RSHE each week in order to teach the RSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

Our fully inclusive approach to delivery and content is made accessible to all pupils including those with special needs, by differentiation of resources, scaffolding and different levels of adult support including the TIS practitioner.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways, by:







Assemblies and collective worship, our praise and reward system, Learning Charter, through relationships child to child, adult to child and adult to adult across the school. We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.

Class teachers will deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes with the exception of the sex education units in Summer 2, which will be taught in year groups.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

At St Merryn the policy defines and clearly sets out its aims; the whole school ethos ensures that each child is at the centre of our approach (which includes TIS and it's fundamental values) nurturing every individual, whilst working with our families towards a common goal

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23) recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

Schools are to determine the content of sex education at primary school. Sex education 'should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and — drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born'.

At St Merryn School, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school so we teach it as part of the RSE curriculum.







"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

At St Merryn School, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw RSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit) e.g.

Year 4, Lesson 2 (Having a baby)

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 3 (Conception, birth)

The school will inform parents of this right by letter, in the Spring Term before the Changing Me Puzzle is taught in the summer term.

Monitoring and Review

Through lesson observations and pupil discussions and surveys, the RSE and Health lead will report their findings to the LAB, which monitors this policy on an annual basis. The LAB gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the RSHE programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

Equality

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics.

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At St Merryn School we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBT relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see:

'Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?'

Jigsaw PSHE supplementary documents needed to explain this policy:

- Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document)
- Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?

Relationships Education in Primary schools (Appendix) – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and







relationships with other children and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme. The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Families and		All of these aspects are covered in
people who	children growing up because they can give	lessons within the Puzzles
care for me	love, security and stability.	
	R2 the characteristics of healthy	 Relationships
	family life, commitment to each other,	Changing Me
	including in times of difficulty, protection	Celebrating
	and care for children and other family	Difference
	members, the importance of spending time	Being Me in My
	together and sharing each other's lives.	World
	R3 that others' families, either in	110110
	school or in the wider world, sometimes look	
	different from their family, but that they	
	should respect those differences and know	
	that other children's families are also	
	characterised by love and care.	
	 R4 that stable, caring relationships, 	
	which may be of different types, are at the	
	heart of happy families, and are important	
	for children's security as they grow up.	
	R5 that marriage represents a formal	
	and legally recognised commitment of two	
	people to each other which is intended to be	
	lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is	
	available to both opposite sex and same sex	
	couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples)	
	Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex	
	couples in England and Wales. The ceremony	
	through which a couple get married may be	
	civil or religious).	
	 R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy 	
	or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice	
	from others if needed	
	from others if needed	
Caring	R7 how important friendships are in	
friendships	making us feel happy and secure, and how	
	people choose and make friends	
	 R8 the characteristics of friendships, 	
	including mutual respect, truthfulness,	
	trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness,	
	generosity, trust, sharing interests and	







	experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	R9 that healthy friendships are
	positive and welcoming towards others and
	do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	R10 that most friendships have ups
	and downs, and that these can often be
	worked through so that the friendship is
	repaired or even strengthened, and that
	resorting to violence is never right
	R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a
	friendship is making them feel unhappy or
	uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to
	manage these situations and how to seek
	help and advice from others, if needed
Respectful	R12 the importance of respecting
relationships	others, even when they are very different
	from them (for example, physically, in
	character, personality or backgrounds), or
	make different choices or have different
	preferences or beliefs
	R13 practical steps they can take in a R13 practical steps they can take in a
	range of different contexts to improve or
	support respectful relationshipsR14 the conventions of courtesy and
	manners
	R15 the importance of self-respect
	and how this links to their own happiness
	R16 that in school and in wider
	society they can expect to be treated with
	respect by others, and that in turn they
	should show due respect to others, including
	those in positions of authority
	R17 about different types of bullying
	(including cyberbullying), the impact of
	bullying, responsibilities of bystanders
	(primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	R18 what a stereotype is, and how
	stereotypes can be unfair, negative or
	destructive
	R19 the importance of permission-
	seeking and giving in relationships with
	friends, peers and adults
Online	 R20 that people sometimes behave All of these aspects are covered in
relationships	differently online, including by pretending to lessons within the Puzzles
	be someone they are not.
	R21 that the same principles apply Relationships
	to online relationships as to face-to-face • Changing Me
	relationships, including the importance of







	respect for others online including when we	Celebrating
	are anonymous.	Difference
	R22 the rules and principles for	
	keeping safe online, how to recognise risks,	
	harmful content and contact, and how to	
	report them.	
	 R23 how to critically consider their 	
	online friendships and sources of	
	information including awareness of the risks	
	associated with people they have never	
	met.	
	 R24 how information and data is 	
	shared and used online.	
Being safe		All of these aspects are covered in
Dellig Sale	appropriate in friendships with peers and	lessons within the Puzzles
	others (including in a digital context).	icssoris within the razzles
	R26 about the concept of privacy	 Relationships
	, , ,	•
	and the implications of it for both children	Changing Me
	and adults; including that it is not always	Celebrating
	right to keep secrets if they relate to being	Difference
	safe.	
	R27 that each person's body belongs	
	to them, and the differences between	
	appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe	
	physical, and other, contact.	
	 R28 how to respond safely and 	
	appropriately to adults they may encounter	
	(in all contexts, including online) whom they	
	do not know.	
	 R29 how to recognise and report 	
	feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about	
	any adult.	
	R30 how to ask for advice or help for	
	themselves or others, and to keep trying	
	until they are heard,	
	R31 how to report concerns or	
	abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence	
	needed to do so.	
	R32 where to get advice e.g. family,	
	school and/or other sources.	

Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution





Mental wellbeing

- H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.
- H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.
- H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.
- H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and servicebased activity on mental well-being and happiness.
- H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).
- H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is

All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles

- Healthy Me
- Relationships
- Changing Me
- Celebrating

Difference







	made available, especially if accessed	
	early enough.	
Internet safety		All of these aspects are covered in
and harms	internet is an integral part of life and	lessons within the Puzzles
	has many benefits.	lessons within the razzles
	H12 about the benefits of	 Relationships
	rationing time spent online, the risks	Healthy Me
	of excessive time spent on electronic	incularly inte
	devices and the impact of positive and	
	negative content online on their own	
	and others' mental and physical	
	wellbeing.	
	H13 how to consider the	
	effect of their online actions on others	
	and knowhow to recognise and	
	display respectful behaviour online	
	and the importance of keeping	
	personal information private.	
	 H14 why social media, some 	
	computer games and online gaming,	
	for example, are age restricted.	
	H15 that the internet can also	
	be a negative place where online	
	abuse, trolling, bullying and	
	harassment can take place, which can	
	have a negative impact on mental	
	health.	
	 H16 how to be a discerning 	
	consumer of information online	
	including understanding that	
	information, including that from	
	search engines, is ranked, selected	
	and targeted.	
	H17 where and how to report	
	concerns and get support with issues	
	online.	
Physical health	 H18 the characteristics and 	All of these aspects are covered in
and fitness	mental and physical benefits of an	lessons within the Puzzles
	active lifestyle.	
	H19 the importance of	Healthy Me
	building regular exercise into daily and	
	weekly routines and how to achieve	
	this; for example, walking or cycling to	
	school, a daily active mile or other	
	forms of regular, vigorous exercise.	
	H20 the risks associated with	
	an inactive lifestyle (including	
	obesity).	
	H21 how and when to seek	
	support including which adults to	







	speak to in school if they are worried	
	about their health.	All Cil
Healthy eating		All of these aspects are covered in
	, , ,	lessons within the Puzzles
	calories and other nutritional	Haaltha NAa
	content).	Healthy Me
	H23 the principles of planning	
	and preparing a range of healthy	
	meals.	
	H24 the characteristics of a	
	poor diet and risks associated with	
	unhealthy eating (including, for	
	example, obesity and tooth decay)	
	and other behaviours (e.g. the impact	
	of alcohol on diet or health).	
Drugs, alcohol	H25 the facts about legal and	
and tobacco	illegal harmful substances and	
l	associated risks, including smoking,	
	alcohol use and drug-taking	
Health and		All of these aspects are covered in
prevention	signs of physical illness, such as weight	lessons within the Puzzles
	loss, or unexplained changes to the	
	body.	 Healthy Me
	H27 about safe and unsafe	
	exposure to the sun, and how to	
	reduce the risk of sun damage,	
	including skin cancer.	
	H28 the importance of	
	sufficient good quality sleep for good	
	health and that a lack of sleep can	
	affect weight, mood and ability to	
	learn.	
	H29 about dental health and	
	the benefits of good oral hygiene and	
	dental flossing, including regular	
	check-ups at the dentist.	
	H30 about personal hygiene	
	and germs including bacteria, viruses,	
	how they are spread and treated, and	
	the importance of handwashing.	
	H31 the facts and science	
	relating to immunisation and	
	vaccination	
Basic first aid	H32 how to make a clear and	All of these aspects are covered in
	efficient call to emergency services if	lessons within the Puzzles
	necessary.	
	 H33 concepts of basic first- 	 Healthy Me
	aid, for example dealing with common	
	injuries, including head injuries.	







Changing adolescent body	·	All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles
	 11, including physical and emotional changes. H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle. 	Changing MeHealthy Me

